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Tin Industry (Research and Development) Board
8th Floor, West Block, Wisma Golden Eagle Realty
142 C, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur

+603 21616171 / 21616173

mcom@mcom.com.my

www.lpt.gov.my

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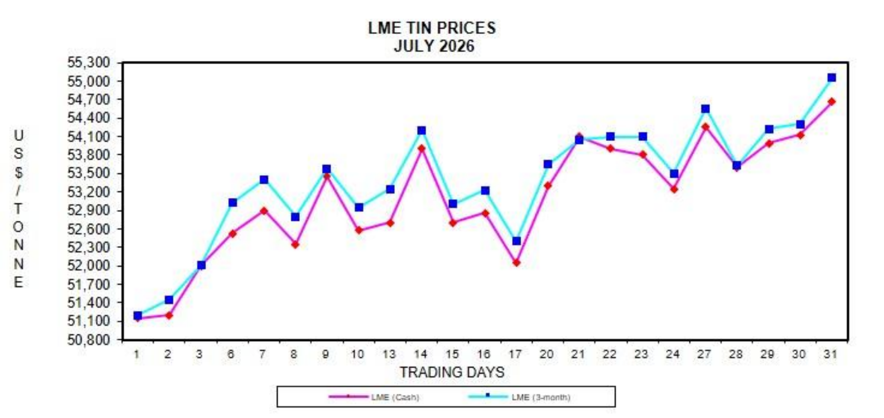
July Tin Market Review

Tin metal trading on the LME in July was generally range-bound, with an upward bias. Cash tin was traded within a price range of US$51,150 to US$54,660 per tonne, while 3-month tin was traded between US$51,200 to US$55,050 per tonne during the month. The average LME cash and 3-month tin prices for July were US$53,102 and US$53,376 per tonne, respectively.



The market began the first trading week at US$51,150 per tonne for cash tin and US$51,200 per tonne for 3-month tin, marking their respective monthly low. The opening level for cash tin was slightly higher than its June's closing price of US$51,100 per tonne, while the opening level for 3-month tin was lower than its June's closing price of US$51,400 per tonne. Supported by a tight medium-term supply outlook, declining LME inventories and renewed buying interest at lower price levels, the tin price rose towards end of the trading week, with both cash and 3-month tin closing the short first trading week on a firmer note.

During the second trading week, the tin price settled into a more range-bound but generally firm trading pattern, as the market was influenced by two opposing forces. On the supportive side, the broader structural tightness narrative remained intact, while continued drawdowns in LME inventories provided further evidence of tightening exchange availability. Tin also benefited from periods of strength across the broader base-metals complex and renewed buying interest following the early-month correction. However, the market remained reluctant to extend the rally aggressively, as elevated tin prices continued to weigh on downstream spot demand, while uncertainty surrounding US monetary policy and the direction of the US dollar encouraged cautious positioning. As a result, the market remained fundamentally supported but lacked a sufficiently strong catalyst to break decisively higher, resulting in a relatively flat and range-bound performance during the trading week.

The tin price remained broadly range-bound during the third trading week. It rose sharply during the initial days of the trading week before retreating and moving lower within the range towards end of the week. Elevated prices continued to limit aggressive downstream procurement, while macroeconomic and interest-rate uncertainties encouraged traders to take profits following rallies rather than chase the market higher. Consequently, the trading week developed into a tug-of-war between a constructive supply and inventory backdrop and demand-related resistance, resulting in a broadly sideways market despite sizeable day-to-day price movements.

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The fourth trading week began on a firmer note before losing momentum and easing towards end of the week. The initial rise was supported by renewed buying interest amid heightened concerns over geopolitical developments and continued drawdowns in LME inventories. However, the rally subsequently lost momentum as expectations of a US-Iran ceasefire eased some of the geopolitical risk premium in commodities, while renewed concerns over US interest rates and a potentially tighter monetary environment weighed on risk appetite. Towards end of the trading week, the broader base-metals complex came under pressure, with the tin price declining alongside other metals as markets reassessed developments in crude oil and the geopolitical landscape.

The final trading week saw the strongest upward movement, pushing the cash and 3-month tin prices to the month's highest price level at US$54,660 and US$55,050 per tonne, respectively. These levels were significantly higher than their respective opening prices, which also represented the month's closing prices. The trading week began on an upward trajectory, supported by the market's continued focus on tightening inventories. However, the tin price retreated briefly as traders reduced their exposure amid uncertainty over the US Federal Reserve's policy direction and broader macroeconomic conditions. The subsequent recovery was underpinned by stronger fundamental factors, as LME inventories declined rapidly over the week, reinforcing concerns over diminishing readily available supply. At the same time, China's industrial profit data showed strong growth, particularly in the non-ferrous metals sector, while developments in the semiconductor industry continued to support expectations of resilient tin demand from electronics and AI-related applications. These factors helped the market overcome the earlier retreat and prompted renewed buying towards end of the month, enabling it to finish July at its highest level of the month.

News Round-up

Xingye to Acquire Remaining Stakes in Achmmach JV

Chinese tin miner, Inner Mongolia Xingye Silver & Tin, has announced plans to acquire its joint venture partners' stakes in the Achmmach tin project in Morocco.

Since its 2025 takeover of Atlantic Tin, Xingye has owned 75 per cent of the project through Atlas Tin alongside Toyota Tsusho Corporation which holds 20 per cent and Nittetsu Mining Co which holds 5 per cent.

Xingye is set to buy the stakes of the Japanese shareholders for a total of US$23 million as the company seeks to coordinate mine construction.

According to a 2024 scoping study by Atlantic Tin, the Achmmach project is expected to reach peak production of 5,000 tonnes of tin-in-concentrate annually.

In March, the company issued a US$200 million bond to support mine expansions at its Chinese operations and the project in Morocco.

Since then, the company has been working to secure contracts for mine construction, which is expected to take 18 months as the project already benefits from an on-site processing plant.

Alphamin's Q2 Earnings Hit Record High Driven by Elevated Tin Prices

Tin miner, Alphamin Resources, reported record earnings for the second quarter of 2026 from its Bisie mine in eastern DRC, buoyed by strong tin prices.

The company announced earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA) of US$167 million, up 6.0 per cent from the previous quarter, supported by a 5.4 per cent increase in the average realised tin price and stable sales volumes.

Tin-in-concentrate production remained static, quarter-on-quarter, at 5,013 tonnes, as a 4.7 per cent increase in ore processed was offset by a 2.9 per cent lower grade of 3.3 per cent Sn and a 1.6 per cent lower recovery rate of 72.8 per cent.

The decline in grade and recovery rates were attributed to above-average metal sulphide content in the current mining area, which resulted in excessive near-gravity material causing reduced efficiency.

All-in sustaining costs (AISC) increased 6.0 per cent, quarter-on-quarter, to US$19,043 per tonne tin, due to a combination of increased royalties, export duties, marketing commissions and net smelter returns.

In addition, Alphamin said higher fuel prices put upward pressure on diesel and transport costs at the mine. The company reports that its fuel stocks have been and remain at full capacity.

Providing an update on its near-mine exploration work, the company said drilling produced mixed results, and stated that the company will undertake further airborne electromagnetic surveys alongside geochemical surveys, and geophysical surveys. Alphamin plans to continue drilling to test the gap between its Mpama North and Mpama South deposits.

The company plans to publish an updated mineral resource and reserve estimate in the fourth quarter of 2026.

Regarding the outbreak of Ebola in northeastern DR Congo, the company said that whist several cases have been reported in North Kivu, there have been none in the Walikale health zone where the mine operates. The company has implemented enhanced hygiene and screening protocols as a precaution and expects no disruptions to its operations.

Renison Production Decline in Second Quarter

Metals X, an Australian tin miner, reported that second-quarter production at its Renison mine declined from the previous quarter, due to lower grades, equipment availability issues and reduced recovery rates.

The company, which holds a 50 per cent interest in the operating joint venture Bluestone Mines Tasmania, reported tin-in-concentrate production of 2,809 tonnes in the second quarter, down 2.7 per cent from the first quarter. However, revenue across the whole operation increased 3.0 per cent, as higher tin prices offset the decline in production.

Ore production fell 6.1 per cent, quarter-on-quarter, primarily due to constraints on equipment availability, stope sequencing delays and decline blockages encountered in the mine. Compounding this, mined grade fell slightly to 1.58 per cent Sn due to dilution in the high-grade Area 5 and the change in mining sequence.

Despite this, processing throughput increased 14.6 per cent as the company recovered from crusher breakdowns in the first quarter. Changes in feed mineralogy led to a decline in recovery rates, with low-sulphur ore affecting several processing circuits.

C1 cash production costs increased 8.6 per cent to approximately US$14,177 per tonne of tin, reflecting increased underground rehabilitation, major maintenance, higher fuel prices and additional processing costs, together with lower overall production.

All-in sustaining costs (AISC) rose 7.1 per cent to approximately US$24,414 per tonne of tin, driven by higher capital expenditure on new mine dewatering infrastructure, electrical and communications works, ventilation upgrades and other surface infrastructure projects.

During the quarter, Metals X released an updated mineral resource estimate of 21.8 million tonnes at 1.38 per cent Sn for 300,300 tonnes contained tin, reflecting a 7 per cent increase in tin content from the previous statement. The company plans to release an updated mine life plan and ore reserve in the third quarter.

PT Timah Recorded Strong Second Quarter Year-on-year Results

PT Timah, an Indonesian state-owned tin producer has reported second-quarter refined tin production of 5,235 tonnes, a decline of 7.0 per cent from the previous quarter, due to delays in the relicensing process.

However, the quarter's production represents a 38.7 per cent increase from the second quarter of 2025. Mining output increased 30.5 per cent, year-on-year, to 5,920 tonnes of contained tin, with offshore operations continuing to dominate.

The company said the, year-on-year, boost to mine production was driven by an expansion of operations and efficiency improvements across Production Suction Dredges (KIP vessels), Production Suction Pontoons (PIP) and its onshore mining partnerships.

The company reported that enhanced supervision and security on its offshore licences, including the support of the Central Government Task Force, continued to maintain a "secure and conducive operation environment".

Second-quarter refined tin sales totalled 4,975 tonnes, yielding revenue of approximately US$274 million, boosted by elevated tin prices. The company reported an operating profit of approximately US$88.6 million, with total first-half profits exceeding the full-year target.

The company's President Director said that the company "recorded solid financial performance, supported by significant operational achievements" and "successfully exceeded its predetermined profit target".

(Source: International Tin Association Ltd. UK)

LME TIN PRICES AND STOCK

Period		Cash (US$/Tonne)	3-Month (US$/Tonne)	Stock (Tonnes)
2017		20,098	19,994	2,235
2018		20,168	20,086	2,165
2019		18,671	18,610	7,130
2020		17,134	17,079	1,890
2021		32,584	31,105	2,045
2022		31,384	31,122	2,880
2023		25,973	25,951	7,685
2024		30,172	30,290	4,800
2025		34,112	34,134	5,420
2023	Jan.	28,081	28,146	3,015
	Feb.	27,070	27,218	2,950
	Mar.	24,014	24,076	2,345
	Apr.	25,886	25,744	1,525
	May	25,610	25,345	1,895
	Jun.	27,263	26,318	3,490
	Jul.	28,751	28,387	5,275
	Aug.	25,995	26,211	6,370
	Sep.	25,559	25,767	7,350
	Oct.	24,618	24,878	7,355
	Nov.	24,221	24,472	8,110
	Dec.	24,606	24,851	7,685
2024	Jan.	25,211	25,443	6,605
	Feb.	26,157	26,390	5,910
	Mar.	27,446	27,581	4,570
	Apr.	31,845	31,710	4,805
	May.	33,153	33,161	4,995
	Jun.	32,229	32,465	4,770
	Jul.	32,004	32,115	4,600
	Aug.	31,512	31,560	4,630
	Sep.	31,644	31,670	4,660
	Oct.	32,217	32,332	4,670
	Nov.	29,768	29,928	4,815
	Dec.	28,878	29,127	4,800
2025	Jan.	29,618	29,793	4,295
	Feb.	31,876	31,959	3,725
	Mar.	34,026	34,080	3,050
	Apr.	32,691	32,731	2,755
	May.	32,144	32,218	2,680
	Jun.	32,475	32,513	2,175
	Jul.	33,693	33,678	1,945
	Aug.	33,870	33,820	2,010
	Sep.	34,540	34,528	2,750
	Oct.	36,046	36,045	2,875
	Nov.	37,016	36,940	3,160
	Dec.	41,352	41,302	5,420
2026	Jan.	49,904	49,953	7,095
	Feb.	48,675	48,735	7,550
	Mar.	47,515	47,576	8,700
	Apr.	48,942	49,093	8,590
	May	53,687	53,760	8,830
	June	53,358	53,602	8,575
	Jul.	53,102	53,376	6,010
JULY 2026				
	1	51,150	51,200	8,575
	2	51,200	51,450	8,525
	3	52,000	52,010	8,455
	6	52,525	53,025	8,325
	7	52,900	53,400	8,215
	8	52,350	52,800	8,160
	9	53,450	53,580	8,050
	10	52,575	52,950	8,000
	13	52,705	53,250	7,955
	14	53,900	54,200	7,840
	15	52,705	53,000	7,795
	16	52,860	53,225	7,655
	17	52,045	52,400	7,595
	20	53,300	53,650	7,520
	21	54,100	54,050	7,490
	22	53,900	54,100	7,350
	23	53,800	54,100	7,225
	24	53,250	53,500	7,085
	27	54,250	54,550	6,710
	28	53,600	53,625	6,410
	29	53,990	54,225	6,330
	30	54,125	54,300	6,195
	31	54,660	55,050	6,010

Sources : London Metal Exchange
www.westmetall.com

MALAYSIAN PRODUCTION (In Tonnes)
NUMBER OF MINES IN OPERATIONS AND EMPLOYMENT AT TIN MINES BY MINING METHODS

	AGGREGATE			DREDGING			OPEN CAST			PANNING			AMANG RETREATMENT / MINERAL PROCESSING PLANT		
YEAR	Prod.	Units*	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.
2016	4,158	14	1,406	-	-	-	3,388	14	1,130	293	-	-	442	18	276
2017	3,894	16	1,286	-	1	36	3,104	16	1,058	406	-	-	390	16	228
2018	3,868	12	1,295	-	-	-	3,184	12	1,075	424	-	-	260	11	220
2019	3,611	13	1,387	-	-	-	3,103	13	1,201	244	-	-	264	11	186
2020	2,963	10	1,534	-	-	-	2,780	10	1,348	125	-	-	58	11	186
2021	3,013	13	1,844	-	-	-	2,796	13	1,624	119	-	-	64	11	220
2022	3,520	20	2,037	-	-	-	3,298	19	1,840	138	-	-	80	10	197
2023	3,953	23	2,496	-	-	-	3,603	23	2,210	153	-	-	24	16	286
2024	3,969	22	2,409	-	-	-	3,605	22	2,139	110	-	-	81	18	270
2025**	4,532	19	2,374	-	-	-	4,325	19	1,907	129	-	-	79	18	467
2022															
Jan.	234	13	1,743	-	-	-	218.6	13	1,557	7.9	-	-	7.2	11	186
Feb.	252	12	1,736	-	-	-	234.2	12	1,550	6.5	-	-	10.9	11	186
Mar.	306	12	2,302	-	-	-	272.9	12	2,117	11.4	-	-	21.8	11	185
Apr.	273	12	1,834	-	-	-	251.0	12	1,649	12.1	-	-	10.4	10	185
May	276	15	1,849	-	-	-	262.5	15	1,658	12.0	-	-	1.4	10	191
Jun.	285	15	1,869	-	-	-	265.8	15	1,678	16.0	-	-	3.7	10	191
Jul.	303	19	1,877	-	-	-	283.5	19	1,689	12.3	-	-	7.5	10	188
Aug.	338	19	1,896	-	-	-	314.6	19	1,699	18.3	-	-	4.7	10	197
Sep.	325	16	1,940	-	-	-	304.6	16	1,744	16.5	-	-	4.1	10	196
Oct.	322	18	1,919	-	-	-	310.5	18	1,722	7.3	-	-	4.4	10	197
Nov.	271	17	1,929	-	-	-	258.1	17	1,732	10.0	-	-	2.6	10	197
Dec.	331	19	2,037	-	-	-	322.1	19	1,840	7.8	-	-	1.5	10	197
2023															
Jan.	327	20	2,026	-	-	-	314.5	20	1,841	11.2	-	-	1.5	9	185
Feb.	301	16	1,998	-	-	-	284.7	16	1,813	15.6	-	-	0.9	9	185
Mar.	316	15	2,043	-	-	-	300.6	15	1,859	14.9	-	-	0.3	9	184
Apr.	297	17	2,070	-	-	-	282.2	17	1,887	14.7	-	-	0.3	9	183
May	315	20	2,106	-	-	-	296.4	20	1,897	17.8	-	-	1.1	14	209
Jun.	304	18	2,136	-	-	-	286.3	18	1,921	16.2	-	-	1.7	14	215
Jul.	316	18	2,135	-	-	-	300.3	18	1,922	14.7	-	-	0.6	14	213
Aug.	309	19	2,141	-	-	-	291.5	19	1,924	14.7	-	-	2.4	14	217
Sep.	290	20	2,134	-	-	-	276.1	20	1,921	11.1	-	-	2.6	15	213
Oct.	355	20	2,424	-	-	-	339.0	20	2,184	10.7	-	-	4.8	16	240
Nov.	312	20	2,426	-	-	-	305.3	20	2,186	5.4	-	-	0.9	16	240
Dec.	326	23	2,496	-	-	-	313.8	23	2,210	5.3	-	-	7.1	16	286
2024															
Jan.	293	24	2,492	-	-	-	275.0	24	2,217	10.0	-	-	8.0	16	275
Feb.	281	24	2,476	-	-	-	266.0	24	2,202	8.0	-	-	7.0	16	274
Mar.	346	24	2,480	-	-	-	328.0	24	2,217	9.0	-	-	9.0	16	263
Apr.	337	24	2,486	-	-	-	321.0	24	2,223	11.0	-	-	5.0	16	263
May	364	24	2,494	-	-	-	345.0	24	2,224	12.0	-	-	7.0	16	270
Jun.	353	24	2,494	-	-	-	338.0	24	2,224	7.0	-	-	8.0	16	270
Jul.	410	25	2,685	-	-	-	385.0	25	2,415	22.0	-	-	3.0	16	270
Aug.	350	21	2,675	-	-	-	330.0	21	2,405	9.0	-	-	11.0	18	270
Sep.	265	20	2,643	-	-	-	252.0	20	2,373	6.0	-	-	7.0	18	270
Oct.	273	21	2,660	-	-	-	259.0	21	2,390	9.0	-	-	5.0	18	270
Nov.	263	22	2,410	-	-	-	258.0	22	2,140	3.0	-	-	2.0	17	270
Dec.	259	22	2,409	-	-	-	247.0	22	2,139	3.0	-	-	9.0	18	270
2025**															
Jan.	368	23	2,408	-	-	-	352.9	23	2,138	3.7	-	-	11.7	18	270
Feb.	355	23	2,408	-	-	-	330.0	23	2,138	12.0	-	-	13.0	18	270
Mar.	383	21	2,401	-	-	-	365.0	21	2,131	5.0	-	-	13.0	18	270
Apr.	377	21	2,401	-	-	-	346.0	21	2,131	17.0	-	-	14.0	18	270
May	356	22	2,410	-	-	-	334.0	22	2,140	15.0	-	-	7.0	18	270
Jun.	355	21	2,607	-	-	-	344.0	21	2,140	10.0	-	-	1.0	18	467
Jul.	421	21	2,588	-	-	-	405.0	21	2,121	8.0	-	-	8.0	18	467
Aug.	424	21	2,605	-	-	-	413.0	21	2,138	9.0	-	-	2.0	18	467
Sep.	404	21	2,674	-	-	-	391.0	21	2,207	12.0	-	-	1.0	18	467
Oct.	456	21	2,675	-	-	-	441.0	21	2,208	13.0	-	-	2.0	18	467
Nov.	231	19	2,373	-	-	-	219.0	19	1,906	10.0	-	-	2.0	18	467
Dec.	402	19	2,374	-	-	-	384.0	19	1,907	14.0	-	-	4.0	18	467
2026**															
Jan.	450	22	2,449	-	-	-	434.0	22	1,990	14.0	-	-	2.0	18	459
Feb.	394	22	2,887	-	-	-	380.0	22	2,396	10.0	-	-	4.0	18	491
Mar.	399	22	2,308	-	-	-	378.0	22	1,818	19.0	-	-	2.0	18	490

Source : Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia
** : Preliminary
- : Nil
Note : * Number of units does not include Retreatment / Mineral Processing Plant

MALAYSIAN REFINED TIN PRODUCTION IMPORT OF TIN-IN-CONCENTRATES AND EXPORT OF TIN METAL (In Tonnes)

Period	Production of Tin-In-Concentrates	Imports of Tin-In-Concentrates	Refined Tin Production	Local Consumption	Exports of Tin Metal
2016	4,158	30,536	26,849	2,238	27,470
2017	3,894	29,866	27,211	2,707	27,147
2018	3,868	27,450	27,115	1,964	27,342
2019	3,611	25,644	24,387	1,441	24,418
2020	2,963	22,288	22,367	1,512	22,597
2021	3,013	322	16,634	1,156	16,441
2022	3,520	18,043	19,442	1,152	19,299
2023	3,953	19,598	20,797	1,161	20,834
2024	3,969	9,099	16,373	2,420	16,526
2025*	4,532	7,717	13,438	4,510	12,550
2022					
Jan.	234	1,173	1,332	106	1,305
Feb.	252	1,162	1,160	108	1,017
Mar.	306	1,258	1,653	89	1,659
Apr.	273	1,511	1,417	117	1,431
May	276	1,660	1,143	82	1,333
Jun.	285	1,729	1,730	76	1,481
Jul.	303	1,475	1,886	100	1,494
Aug.	338	1,397	2,211	94	2,402
Sep.	325	1,313	1,592	83	1,948
Oct	322	1,842	1,692	82	1,431
Nov.	271	1,454	1,702	117	1,622
Dec.	331	2,069	1,924	98	2,176
2023					
Jan.	327	1,482	1,780	94	1,388
Feb.	301	1,715	1,561	118	2,015
Mar.	316	1,920	2,054	113	2,138
Apr.	297	1,374	1,513	89	1,651
May	315	1,617	1,848	103	1,730
Jun.	304	1,416	1,453	87	1,724
Jul.	316	2,096	1,912	75	1,557
Aug.	309	1,485	1,664	57	1,778
Sep.	290	1,854	1,591	73	1,535
Oct	355	1,631	2,076	132	2,062
Nov.	312	1,879	2,013	109	1,823
Dec.	326	1,129	1,332	110	1,433
2024					
Jan.	293	922	1,273	137	1,612
Feb.	281	609	1,389	169	1,418
Mar.	346	688	2,852	116	1,543
Apr.	337	706	1,351	210	1,112
May	364	903	1,171	154	1,500
Jun.	353	888	1,203	201	1,032
Jul.	410	711	1,520	164	1,465
Aug.	350	822	1,576	223	1,763
Sep.	265	1,020	1,387	280	1,337
Oct	273	517	369	289	1,318
Nov.	263	763	1,298	215	1,183
Dec.	259	550	984	260	1,243
2025*					
Jan.	368	502	1,225	228	1,017
Feb.	355	627	902	251	1,181
Mar.	383	573	1,345	187	1,191
Apr.	377	796	580	707	792
May	356	551	1,040	453	1,053
Jun.	355	941	1,148	294	1,187
Jul.	421	723	1,289	221	474
Aug.	424	592	1,204	396	826
Sep.	404	416	1,099	529	852
Oct.	456	732	1,245	374	1,671
Nov.	231	602	1,223	310	972
Dec.	402	662	1,138	560	1,334
2026*					
Jan.	450	595	1,127	163	1,174
Feb.	394	580	1,012	369	917
Mar.	399	861	1,230	227	993
Apr.	n.y.a	891	1,611	165	1,609
May	n.y.a	873	1,294	509	1,383
Jun.	n.y.a	886	1,392	575	193

Sources : Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia
Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd.

* : Preliminary

n.y.a : not yet available

MALAYSIA'S DOMESTIC TIN CONSUMPTION (In Tonnes)

PERIOD	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	SOLDER *	TINPLATE	PEWTER	OTHERS *
2016	2,238	1,314	750	86	88
2017	2,707	1,348	737	63	559
2018	1,964	1,019	759	39	147
2019	1,441	695	639	19	88
2020	1,512	738	626	8	140
2021	1,156	395	710	6	45
2022	1,152	400	639	9	104
2023	1,161	555	485	5	116
2024	2,420	698	492	4	1,226
2025	4,511	528	748	95	3,140
2022					
Jan.	106	27	56	0	23
Feb.	108	35	69	1	3
Mar.	89	24	58	1	6
Apr.	117	39	67	1	10
May	82	24	54	0	4
Jun	76	20	50	0	6
Jul.	100	25	62	2	11
Aug.	94	30	54	0	10
Sep.	83	40	35	1	7
Oct.	82	30	41	1	10
Nov.	117	57	50	1	9
Dec.	98	49	43	1	5
2023					
Jan.	94	60	31	0	3
Feb.	118	68	40	1.5	8
Mar.	113	79	29	0.1	5
Apr.	89	41	39	1.0	8
May.	103	50	38	1.1	14
Jun.	87	55	30	0.1	2
Jul.	75	20	48	0.1	7
Aug.	57	20	27	0.1	10
Sep.	73	27	42	0.2	4
Oct.	132	55	56	0.1	21
Nov.	109	40	52	0.1	17
Dec.	110	40	53	0.1	17
2024					
Jan.	137	61	49	0.2	27
Feb.	169	79	42	0.2	48
Mar.	116	59	35	0.1	22
Apr.	210	74	41	0.1	95
May.	154	50	34	2.3	68
Jun.	201	50	26	0.1	125
Jul.	164	44	44	0.2	76
Aug.	223	24	40	0.3	159
Sep.	280	89	37	0.3	154
Oct.	289	57	43	0.3	189
Nov.	215	45	54	0.1	116
Dec.	260	66	47	0.1	147
2025					
Jan.	228	40	49	0.0	139
Feb.	251	50	42	0.3	159
Mar.	187	45	55	0.1	87
Apr.	707	48	62	0.1	597
May.	453	40	72	0.1	341
Jun.	294	55	53	0.1	186
Jul.	221	20	67	0.1	134
Aug.	396	40	79	0.1	277
Sep.	529	45	67	90	327
Oct.	374	50	72	1	251
Nov.	310	50	63	0.1	197
Dec.	560	45	67	3	445
2026					
Jan.	163	15	79	0.15	69
Feb.	369	50	54	0	265
Mar.	227	35	25	0.09	167
Apr.	165	45	41	0	79
May.	509	39	30	0	440
Jun.	575	80	51	0.0	444

Sources : Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd
Perstima Bhd
* : The figures include high-grade tin (99.9% Sn) imported for consumption
Notes : Domestic consumption of tin metal refers to the use of tin in a particular application. Sales to manufacturing industries have been used as proxy for consumption except in the case of manufacture of tinplate which are actual tin consumption data.